Consumer Opinion Survey December 2021 Bulletin 235



In December, the Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) recorded a balance of -7.0%. This represents a decrease of 5.6 percentage points (pps) compared to the previous month. Compared to November 2021, the decrease was due to a fall of 7.5 pps in the Economic Conditions Index and a decrease of 4,3 pps in the Consumer Expectations Index. Consumer confidence increased in the higher strata and in two of the five analyzed cities compared to November 2021. Meanwhile, willingness to buy furniture and home appliances decreased relative to the last month.

According to the results of the Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) of November, the Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) recorded a balance of -7.0%. This value represents a decrease of 5.6 percentage points (pps) compared to the previous month.

35 25 15 5 Balance, % -1.3 -7.5 -5 -7.0 -8.2 -15 -25 -- QMA -22.3 -35 -45 **lun-18**

Graph 1. Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

QMA: Quarterly moving average



The decrease in consumer confidence compared to November 2021 was due to a fall in the Economic Conditions Index and the Consumer Expectations Index.

The CCI has five components, the details of which are presented in Table 1. The first three refer to the expectations of households in a given year, while the other two refer to the perception of consumers regarding current economic situation. The Consumer Expectations Index (CEI) is constructed with the first three and the Economic Conditions Index (ECI) with the two remaining.

The decrease of the CCI compared to November is explained by a fall of 7.5 pps in the Economic Conditions Index (-20.6%) and a decrease of 4.3 pps in the Consumer Expectations Index (2.1%)

Table 1. Evolution of CCI Components
(Balances between favorable and unfavorable responses, %)

Variable / Balance %	2020	2020 2021	
variable / Balance %	December	November	December
Consumer Confidence Index - CCI	-10.4	-1.4	-7.0
A. Consumer Expectations Index - CEI	11.0	6.4	2.1
- Do you think that within a year your household will economically do better, worse or the same than now?	41.0	29.6	27.7
-Do you think that within the next twelve months we will have good or bad economic times?	-19.7	-7.7	-19.8
-Do you think that the country's economic conditions will be better or worse within a year than they currently are?	11.7	-2.7	-1.6
B. Economic Conditions Index - ECI	-42.6	-13.1	-20.6
- Do you think that your household is economically doing better or worse than a year ago?	-38.7	-5.1	-4.0
- Do you think this is a good time to purchase items such as furniture and household appliances?	-46.4	-21.1	-37.3

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

When comparing the results of the fourth quarter with the observed average during the third quarter of 2021, consumer's assessment of their households' situation increased 2.8 pps and the consumer's assessment of the country increased 6.8 pps. On the other hand, consumer's willingness to buy durable goods was -28.9%. This represents an increase of 15.4 pps relative to the average balance recorded during the third quarter of 2021 (Graph 3).

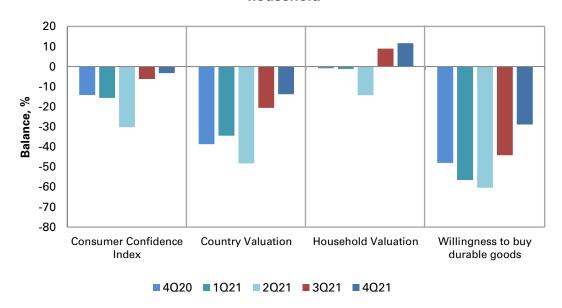


Graph 2. Consumer Expectations Index (CEI) – Economic Conditions Index (ECI)



Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

Graph 3. Perception of consumers about the situation of the country and the household



Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) – Fedesarrollo.

<u>Cities.</u> In December, the CCI increased in two of five surveyed cities compared to November 2021.

Relative to the previous month the CCI increased in Bucaramanga (8.8 pps) and Medellín (2.5 pps), and in decreased in Bogotá (10.2 pps), Barranquilla (7.0 pps) and Cali (0.3 pps).



Table 2. Evolution of the CCI by cities

City, Balance %	2020	20	21
City, Dalalice /0	December	November	December
Bogotá	-12.8	-0.2	-10.4
Medellín	-7.4	-8.7	-6.2
Cali	-9.3	1.8	1.5
Barranquilla	3.1	2.2	-4.8
Bucaramanga	-15.6	-3.4	5.4
Total	-10.4	-1.4	-7.0

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

<u>Socieconomic level.</u> In December, consumer confidence increased in the higher strata compared to the previous month.

By socioeconomic level and compared to the previous month, the CCI increased 9.5 pps in the higher strata, and it decreased 12.7 pps in the middle strata and 0.6 pps in the lower strata.

Table 3. Evolution of the CCI by income level

Income level.	2020	2021	
Balance %	December	November	December
High	1.3	-0.2	9.3
Medium	-9.8	4.3	-8.4
Low	-12.6	-7.5	-8.1
Total	-10.4	-1.4	-7.0

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

<u>Housing.</u> The willingness to buy a house decreased 0.4 pps compared to last month. By cities, this indicator increased in tow of the five analyzed cities relative to November 2021.

In December, the indicator of willingness to buy a house was -13.4%, 0.4 pps lower than the previous month (-13.0%). For this month, willingness to buy a house increased in Bucaramanga (24.5 pps) and Bogotá (2.0 pps), and it decreased in Barranquilla (12.4 pps), Cali (9.1 pps) and Medellín (1.6 pps) compared to what was observed in November 2021.



Table 4. Willingness to buy a house by cities

City Polones 9/	2020	2021	
City. Balance %	December	November	December
Bogotá	-8.7	-19.1	-17.1
Medellín	1.5	-13.0	-14.6
Cali	-12.4	3.4	-5.7
Barranquilla	-2.8	11.3	-1.1
Bucaramanga	0.8	-27.4	-2.9
Total	-6.7	-13.0	-13.4

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) – Fedesarrollo.

Compared to the previous month, willingness to buy a house increased in higher and lower strata.

When analyzing by socioeconomic level in December, willingness to buy a house showed an increase compared to last month of 13.2 pps in the upper strata and 8.5 pps in the lower strata. In contrast, it showed a decrease of 11.4 pps in the middle strata compared to what was observed in November 2021.

Table 5. Willingness to buy a house by socioeconomic level

Income level.	2020	2021	
Balance %	December	November	December
High	44.8	-9.6	3.6
Medium	-3.7	-5.5	-16.9
Low	-17.0	-21.1	-12.6
Total	-6.7	-13.0	-13.4

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) - Fedesarrollo.

<u>Durable goods.</u> Willingness to buy furniture and home appliances decreased 16.2 pps compared to the previous month. By cities, the indicator decreased in four of the five analized cities compared to November 2021.

The balance of answers about whether it is a good or bad moment to buy goods such as furniture and appliances was -37.3% in December. This represents a decrease of 16.2 pps compared to November 2021. Relative to last month, willingness to buy durable goods decreased in Cali (31.8 pps), Barranquilla (20.9 pps), Bogotá (15.8 pps) and Medellín (8.5 pps), while it increased in Bucaramanga (5.8 pps).



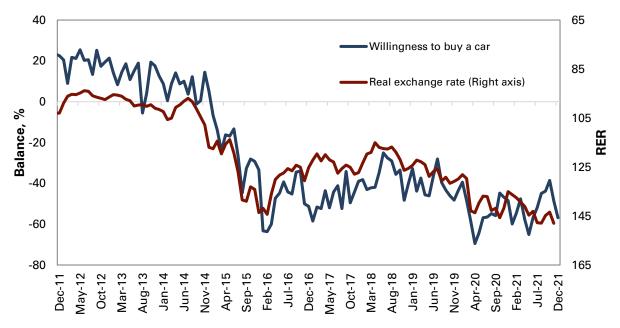
Table 6. Willingness to buy furniture and home appliances by cities

City. Balance %	2020	2021	
City. Dalalice /0	December	November	December
Bogotá	-44.7	-24.0	-39.8
Medellín	-67.7	-24.5	-33.0
Cali	-35.7	-8.5	-40.3
Barranquilla	-31.7	-2.0	-22.9
Bucaramanga	-45.6	-42.3	-36.5
Total	-46.4	-21.1	-37.3

Fuente: Encuesta de Opinión del Consumidor (EOC) – Fedesarrollo

<u>Vehicles.</u> In December, the willingness to buy a vehicle registered a balance of -56.8%. This implies a decrease of 8.1 pps compared to the previous month (-48.7%).

Graph 4. Willingness to buy car vs. real exchange rate



Note: Real exchange rate until November 2021

Source: Consumer Opinion Survey (COS) – Fedesarrollo and Central Bank of Colombia



Contact us if you would like to have access to disaggregated results by city, level of income and other survey questions

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Published on January 11, 2022

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